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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/075,974	02/15/2002	Richard E. Fiegle	DP-304988	9211
22851 7	08/30/2005		EXAM	INER
DELPHI TECHNOLOGIES, INC.			VON BUHR, MARIA N	
M/C 480-410-2 PO BOX 5052			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
TROY, MI 4			2125	
			DATE MAIL ED: 08/30/2009	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/075,974	FIEGLE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
The MAII INC DATE of this assumption of the	Maria N. Von Buhr	2125	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	rely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 Fe This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers	•		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 15 February 2002 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original of the correction of the correction of the original of the correction of the correction of the original of the correction of the correction of the original of the correction of	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 02152002&11202003. S. Patent and Trademark Office.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa		

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. Claims 1-21 are pending in this application.
- 2. Examiner acknowledges receipt of Applicant's information disclosure statements, received 15 February 2002 and 20 November 2003. These submissions are in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR §1.97. Accordingly, they have been taken into consideration for this Office action.
- 3. Examiner acknowledges receipt of Applicant's formal drawings. These drawings are acceptable.
- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which Applicant regards as his invention.

- 5. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which Applicant regards as the invention. In this claim, there is no clear and proper antecedent basis for "the serial port," because the dependency of the claim is apparently in error.
- 6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. §102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by Applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by Applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by Applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 7. Claims 1-3, 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939; see at least, Figs. 7, 11 and 11(f); with associated text at cols. 6-7, 11 and 17).

As per claims 1 and 2, Lyons teaches an arrangement wherein actuation of motors (839 and 849) is counted (counters 822 and 822'; col. 17, lines 46-51) and accumulated (810) for transmission as requested to an external microprocessor (computer 840) through a communication port (UARTs 879 and 870, and bus interface 843). As per claim 3, Lyons further teaches the communication port to be serial

(col. 11, lines 29-37). As per claim 7, the transmission of information in the Lyons system is in 8-bit format (col. 11, lines 53-55). As per claim 8, the arrangement of the Lyons system further includes a multiplexer (820).

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Q. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939), as applied to claims 1-3, 7 and 8 above, further in view of Miesterfeld et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,739,323), which discloses the well-known use of an SPI for communicating between elements of a control system. It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the instant invention was made, to utilize such a serial port interface in the system of Lyons, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.
- Claims 5, 9-11, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939), as applied to claims 1-3, 7 and 8 above, further in view of Applicant's admitted prior art, at page 4 of the instant specification, wherein Applicant admits that "in a typical HVAC system, actuators of the system include a DC motor and a gear reduction. The gear reduction typically connects a shaft of the DC motor to another shaft attached to a door that is used to direct air flow. As previously mentioned, doors are used to mix hot and cold air to produce a desired temperature and may also be used to direct mixed air to a desired location (e.g., panel, floor, and/or windshield), as well as control recirculation. The accurate positioning of the doors is desirable for the HVAC system to produce a desired in-car environment." It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the instant invention was made, to utilize such actuator motors in the system of Lyons, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.
- 11. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939), further in view of Applicant's admitted prior art, at page 4 of the instant specification, as

applied to claim 11 above, further in view of Miesterfeld et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,739,323), similarly as applied above with regard to claim 4.

12. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939), as applied to claims 1-3, 7 and 8 above, further in view of Dao (U.S. Patent No. 6,304,803; see at least, the abstract; Fig. 2, with associated text at col. 4, line 16 - col. 6, line 50).

Although Lyons teaches the instant invention substantially as claimed, as addressed above, as per claim 6, Lyons does not apply the disclosed arrangement to the control of motors/actuators in an HVAC system. In this regard, Dao teaches an HVAC control system for an automobile, wherein information regarding the status of various elements of the HVAC system are collected by a first controller (microprocessor 110) and transmitted to a second microprocessor, thereby "off-loading" such data collection from the second microprocessor to the first controller. However, Dao is not specific about the actual control of the various disclosed actuators. In this regard, it would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art, at the time the instant invention was made, to apply the Lyons arrangement for the actuator control of Dao, since Lyons teaches a resultant increased reliability of machine control.

- 13. Claim 13, 16-18, 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939), in view of Applicant's admitted prior art, at page 4 of the instant specification, as applied to claim 9 above, further in view of Dao (U.S. Patent No. 6,304,803), similarly as presented above with regard to claim 6.
- Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Lyons (U.S. Patent No. 4,181,939), in view of Applicant's admitted prior art, at page 4 of the instant specification, further in view of Dao (U.S. Patent No. 6,304,803), as applied to claim 16 above, further in view of Miesterfeld et al. (U.S. Patent No. 4,739,323), similarly as presented above with regard to claim 4.
- 15. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. §103(a), Examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR §1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for Examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. §103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. §102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. §103(a).

- 16. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to Applicant's disclosure. Applicant is advised to carefully review the cited art, as evidence of the state of the art, in preparation for responding to this Office action.
- 17. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Maria N. Von Buhr whose telephone number is 571-272-3755. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9am-5pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Picard can be reached on 571-272-3749. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Maria N. Von Buhr Primary Patent Examiner Art Unit 2125

MM Von Buhr

MNVB 8/17/05